NOTES ON MAGALOPLASTINX CARINIFRONS SCHMIDT.  
(Tettigometridae, Fulgoroidea).

By

the late F. MUIR.

This genus contains but the one species which was described in 1912 from specimens from Sumatra. I have one male from Mount Salak, Java (April 1922) and one female and one young from Parakansalak, Java (August 1919) collected by L. KALSHOVEN, which I consider to be the same species.

The taxonomy of this small but interesting family is very unsatisfactory. Baker’s 1) division of it into three subfamilies, based upon the relative

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In the young the hind basitarsus is fairly short and thick, the apex rounded and without spines; the second tarsus is short and stout, the apex rounded and without spines. In the adult the basitarsus is longer, the apex slightly widened, truncate, with about ten equal spines; the second tarsus is short, the apex subtruncate with a spine on each side. As the nature of the hind tarsi are of value in the grouping of the families of the *Fulgoroidea* it is necessary to have more detailed information of their condition in different genera, both in the young and adult.